

## HAITI RECONSTRUCTION EFFORTS: Donor Sector Support Tracking Sheet

Country/ Institution Name	Total Pledge	Pledge over 2010-2011	Target Sector(s) of Assistance	Geographic Area(s) of Assistance
Venezuela	2,417,700,000	1,325,000,000	Embassy Note: Venezuela Deskoff reports, GOV is seeking to identify Haiti coordinator in an effort to help clarify how the GOV will support Haiti reconstruction efforts moving forward.	
The United States	1,150,000,000	1,150,000,000	Agriculture, Energy, Security, Governance, Health	
IDB	2,200,000,000	400,000,000	IDB plans to focus on the education sector (they noted the confirmation by the Government of the Bank's leadership role); transport, water and sanitation, and agriculture. They are also working closely with the private sector, and are establishing a series of funds to help them invest in productive sectors. In addition, there will be a project to support the development of industrial parks and also budget support. [From the IDB 5/18]	
European Commission	620,782,726	377,867,746	<b>EU Directorate General for Development (DEV) reported that the EU has sectioned off 100M Euro for early government capacity building, with 40M Euro for budget support; 30M Euro for reconstruction of government buildings and facilities; and 30M Euro for technical assistance. The 100M package will target four ministries: Interior, Infrastructure, Education and Foreign Affairs. The remaining 360 Euro will largely target infrastructure and roads. DEV is reprogramming 200M Euro from existing budgets and programs to facilitate the decentralization process by working on roads in the North Central provinces. DEV will also support provision of services in the provinces to discourage returns to the Port Au Prince area. DEV will move 100M Euro from the 360M Euro to respond to a Government of Haiti proposal for financing targeting the north of the country. 70M Euro will go to the building of schools, roads, and agriculture infrastructure. 30M Euro will provide budget support to local and regional governments. A reserve funding line will provide the final 60M Euro. This tranche will plus up reconstruction funds and provide support to shelter efforts for displaced people. [From Post 5/27]</b>	North Central Provinces
Canada	375,234,522	375,234,522	Embassy Note: The Canadians have not offered any specific information at this time, but we will continue to press them for updates. COMMENT: The Canadians are committed to Haiti reconstruction. Their pre-earthquake donor activities focused on agriculture and education. It is likely that DFAIT and CIDA are still sorting out the best way forward. The Canadians are aware of the pressure to have a plan in place prior to the G8. [From Post 5/17]	
World Bank	399,000,000	266,000,000	\$479M will be made available to support Haiti's recovery and development through June 2011. FY10 programming includes \$65M for infrastructure recovery, \$15M for rural development, and \$12M for education. In FY11, they are planning \$30M in budget support, and considering support for housing and telecommunications infrastructure, and support for a Banking Sector Partial Guarantee Fund. The Bank's ongoing portfolio is focused on disaster risk management, electricity, water and sanitation, and agriculture, and includes programming via trust funds (not HRF) in climate change resilience, education, disaster risk management and nutrition. [From WB 5/18]	

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Spain	466,936,572	265,182,186	<p>Spain will concentrate on four main sectors in the next four years: water, sanitation, education and basic housing. To a lesser degree they will also work on food security and agriculture. Some projects related to the environment and culture are also possible. The main areas they would work in are Port au Prince, the Southeast and the border region. Assistance will, pursuant to their pledge in New York, be 346M Euros through 2013 with debt relief, effective in 2010, of 27,652,000 Euros. The main vehicles for Spanish aid to Haiti will be direct bilateral assistance, budget support, multilateral entities, the HRF, and NGOs. [To date, they have distributed 4M Euros to the Red Cross for basic housing in Leogane. they have also distributed 70M Euros to DINEPA, for the distribution of potable water and the construction of water and sanitation infrastructure, and an additional 20M Euros to the IDB for assistance to towns and rural zones.] [From Post 5/13]</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Port Au Prince, Southeast, and border region</p>
France	188,933,873	188,933,873	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Helping the Haitian State restore its core government functions: deployment of gendarmes, provision of vehicles for police; training of Haitian senior and rank-and-file police and sécurité civile officers. For Haiti's legal system, admission of 20 legal trainees and 8 EMA staff to France's ENM [Ecole nationale de la Magistrature].</li> <li>2. Helping the Haitian State and strengthen its administrative capacity: Grant of annual budgetary aid of €20 million for two years (€40 million); Secondment of experts to assist the Haitian Prime Minister and strategic ministries in the reconstruction process. Training in France of Haitian civil servants.</li> <li>3. Encouraging reconstruction and controlled development throughout Haiti • Scientific and technical cooperation in the sphere of seismology and geography • Establishment of a land register (Cadastré) : compiling a land ownership register covering a fifth of Haitian territory in 3 years with the assistance of French technical expertise • Sending of 150 young people doing their adapted military service to work on a dozen hands-on training projects (refurbishment of schools, crèches, social facilities, etc.) and two or three larger projects (sanitation, clearing rubble from public buildings, restoring infrastructures and various networks, etc.). Young Haitians would be involved in these training programs • Support for the devolution and decentralization process (technical assistance) • Support for flood protection for the town of Jacmel and waste management for the towns of Gonaïves and Cap-Haïtien.</li> <li>4. Reconstruction to help the people (Health sector) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rebuilding of Port-au-Prince's State University Hospital, as part of a program to build a network of 4 hospitals in the capital and 3 others in the provinces. In the very short term, France is ready to fund the immediate work necessary to make the present buildings safe so that the hospital can rapidly start functioning again. Extension of the GHESKIO Center (currently used for screening and treating infectious diseases, including HIV-AIDS) by creating a specialist surgery department (60-bed prosthesis and rehabilitation unit).</li> <li>• Support for maternal and infant health in the health centers of three departments (South-East, Nippes and Centre) • Support for medical studies and professional training for medical personnel • Feasibility study for establishing in the medium term a minimum health cover system (possible tripartite cooperation with Brazil).</li> </ul> </li> <li>5. Reestablishing the education system <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sending to Haiti 150 young people to assist in setting up vocational training schemes in the building sector • Conduct of a study with a view to rebuilding the Haitian higher education system • Sending experts to launch cooperation to enhance the training system for primary school teachers. Assistance in setting up higher education distance learning. Admission of 700 more Haitian students in French universities (in the French West Indies and French Guiana).</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. Encourage revitalization of the economic activity and endogenous development of Haiti <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cancellation of Haiti's debt to France, which stands at €56 million. • Help to boost short-term bank credit by strengthening venture capital mechanisms. The supply of seeds and fertilizer for the next spring planting seasons (starting in March) at a cost of €1 million.</li> <li>• To speed up implementation of the program of "Solidarités agricoles France-Haïti" [France-Haiti farming solidarity group] for irrigation, supporting farmers and establishing a network of micro-agricultural businesses. • Increase cooperation projects with Haiti in French agricultural research and education.</li> </ul> </li> <li>7. Restoring and preserving Haitian cultural heritage</li> </ol>	<p style="text-align: center;">Gonaïves, Jacmel, Cap Haïtien, Port Au Prince and Health centers in Sout-East, Nippes and Centre</p>
IMF	178,000,000	141,000,000	<p>IMF assistance is provided in the form of balance of payments support (not in categories under section 3). IMF assistance is provided as a concessional loan, with no interest payments until 2012 and no principal repayments for 5.5 years. The Fund is also exploring options for providing debt relief on up to the outstanding amount of \$271M, which would include the January 27, 2010 \$114M disbursement. The IMF's pledge covers the years 2010 – 2013. [From UN pledge data]</p>	

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Brazil	123,500,000	123,500,000	Of the \$123M pledged during the Donors' Conference, \$55M has been disbursed to the HRF which includes \$15M for general budget support. The other \$68M (95M reals) is going to go to the health sector. Brazil's Ministry of Health (MOH) received a "special budget credit" of 95M reals for cooperation work with Haiti's Ministry of Health. The money will go toward ambulances and other medical equipment, plus the plan is to open at least 10 rapid care facilities (unidades pronto atendimento) in neighborhoods. The intent is to cut down on overcrowded hospital emergency rooms by providing first line medical care in dedicated facilities. GOB is still working through the details with Haiti government. [From Post 5/18]	
Japan	75,000,000	75,000,000	\$75M for reconstruction/development will be focused on three primary areas – 1) education and training; 2) health and sanitation; and 3) agriculture. GOJ has not yet determined allocations among, or emphasis within these three areas, but a Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) mission will be conducted in June to develop further their plan and identify proposed projects within these main priorities. Initial areas of probable support include a special focus on building capacity of Haitian government officials, and support for infectious disease control, and vaccination campaigns. In addition to the three focus areas, Japan plans to join Canada in supporting rule-of-law/security sector activities that will be implemented via the International Organization on Migration (IOM). Japan will provide est. \$2M to support border control capacity building, as well as provide several experts, some equipment and training for police through a National Police training school. [From Post 5/21]	Port-au-Prince; also some health and sanitation assistance in Leogane, and in Jacmel, where it has a request from the GOH to assist in building a new hospital.
UNASUR	300,800,000	59,982,313		
Norway	100,000,000	58,626,466	MFA plans to spend \$100M on long-term assistance and \$35M on emergency relief, though these sums might be increased or Norway could front-load disbursements. No allocation decisions have been made but they're interested in protection of women and children from violence; encouraging political dialogue and reconciliation; agriculture, reforestation and disaster preparedness; alternate energy; and sustainable livelihoods for the poor. Norway is considering allocating half of its aid to Haiti to the HRF. The planned allocation of funds is NOK 200 million/2010; NOK 150 million/2011; NOK 150 million/2012; NOK 100 million/2013. [From Post 5/12]	
Italy	54,568,100	54,568,100	Italy's pledged assistance is essentially for debt relief agreed in 2009. They may consider later contributing a small amount to the HRF, but no decision has been made at this point. Italy is unlikely to provide bilateral budget support to Haiti. [From Post 5/18]	
Germany	53,171,390	53,171,390	Germany's pledge includes 20M Euros for emergency humanitarian relief and 19.4M Euros (USD \$24M) for reconstruction. Of the reconstruction funds, 10M Euros will go toward the IDB-funded Peligre hydroelectric plant outside Port-au-Prince. The remaining 9.4M Euros will fund projects related to agriculture development and decentralization in cooperation with the FAES (Fondation d'Assistance Economique et Sociale) NGO, located in Hinche. Germany also plans to provide around USD \$20M in debt relief. [From Post 5/17]	Hinche
Netherlands	41,862,348	41,862,348	Dutch aid for Haiti is handled by an independent joint consortium of Dutch development NGOs, called the Cooperating Aid Organizations (Samenwerkende Hulporganisaties or SHO). The SHO is expected to submit its plans for the reconstruction phase in the autumn of this year. No details are available at this point. The Dutch government has earmarked its 41.7M Euros contribution to the SHO, with 12M Euros for humanitarian assistance and 29.7M Euros for the reconstruction of Haiti. [From Post 5/21]	

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OAS	110,000,000	36,000,000	The Organization of American States, through the Haiti Coordinating Office, will provide assistance to the Haitian Government in Governance and Institutional Strengthening: - Electoral process (support for presidential, legislative and local elections) public educational campaigns, technical assistance, and high-level missions to Haiti. - Continuation of the Civil Registry Program, including replacement of identification cards and registration of minors (campaigns in tent cities, etc.) -Preparation and implementation of a cadastral and land titling system in collaboration with relevant Haitian authorities. -Capacity Building in the areas of tourism, trade, investment promotion, scholarships and training, and human rights (integration of persons living with disabilities etc). The total amount of assistance in monetary terms is in excess of \$110M to be executed over a period of 5-7 years. [From UN pledge data]	
Switzerland	33,210,332	22,140,221	36 million CHF (\$33 million) in funding will primarily be used for reconstruction efforts and the restoration of basic infrastructure, especially the earthquake-resistant reconstruction of schools and hospitals, as well as drinking water and wastewater treatment facilities. The SDC also plans to support projects in rural development, food security and reforestation. [From Post 5/21]	
Sweden	20,277,700	20,277,700	During the Donors Conference, Sweden mentioned possible interest in supporting early recovery and reconstruction, governance, capacity, rule of law, social services, and agricultural development. \$3.4M will be contributed to the HRF and will not be earmarked. [From March 31 UN pledge speech; HRF update from Post 5/19]	
Qatar	20,000,000	20,000,000	During the Donors' Conference, Qatar pledged possible support for education, health, shelter, and the MDTF. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Ireland	17,543,860	13,900,135		
Finland	17,139,001	10,391,363	During Donors' Conference, Finland pledged \$17.1M and 2.7M Euro in debt relief. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Australia	10,150,044	10,150,000	Australia's A\$10M pledge includes a A\$9M contribution to the HRF and A\$1M to CARICOM for cooperative reconstruction projects. Funds are expected to be transferred in the next few weeks to meet the end of the Australian fiscal year in June. [From Post 5/20]	
Kuwait	10,000,000	10,000,000		
Republic of Korea	10,000,000	10,000,000	Infrastructure Development and vocational training in Leogane, which is within the South Korean peacekeeping area of operations. [From Post 5/14]	Leogane
Belgium	26,990,553	8,996,852	Belgium's priorities for reconstruction are: agriculture/food security, education with scholarships in Belgium and Child protection. They will spend 20M Euro over 3 years starting in 2011. No further details available at this point. [From Post 5/21]	
Mexico	8,000,000	8,000,000	The \$8M of this pledge correspond to the amount announced on 16 January 2010. This amount is now being assigned to the reconstruction phase as follows: \$5M to support the Haitian Government in its ability to perform its government operations. \$3M for reconstruction projects. These funds will be distributed bilaterally. This pledge also includes: 50,000 tents. One mobile kitchen with the capacity to serve 12 thousand meals a day and technical training for its operation. 8,000 tons of humanitarian aid. [From UN pledge data]	
Russia	8,000,000	8,000,000	During the Donors' Conference, Russia discussed possible support for food aid, healthcare, shelter, water, and protection of children. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	

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Oman	5,000,000	5,000,000		
Denmark	3,621,876	3,621,876		
Uruguay	3,300,000	3,300,000	During the Donors' Conference, Uruguay mentioned possible interest in supporting teachers, doctors, and engineers. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Colombia	4,000,000	3,200,000	Colombia plans to provide \$8 million in budgetary assistance to the Government of Haiti. Four million dollars have been approved for disbursement by the Colombian Treasury Ministry. Colombia also has allotted \$800K for a feasibility study for an integral reconstruction project in the Haitian neighborhood of Caberet. [From Post 5/15]	Port Au Prince, Caberet
Luxembourg	5,195,682	2,685,560	During the Donors' Conference, Luxembourg pledged \$5.1M and possible support for agriculture, and poverty alleviation. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
China	1,468,429	1,468,429	The Chinese offered \$1.4M and mentioned in public remarks during the Donors' Conference possible support for emergency supplies for post disaster reconstruction. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Monaco	1,106,613	1,106,613	During the Donors' conference, Monaco discussed possible support for public structures, education, and health. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Mauritius	1,012,832	1,012,832		
Argentina	1,000,000	1,000,000		
Gambia	1,000,000	1,000,000		
Turkey	1,000,000	1,000,000		
Czech Republic	809,717	809,717	Recovery of Infrastructure and Disaster Preparedness: GoCR will provide CZ 3 Million in support of health workers and disaster preparedness training program. [From Post 5/13]	Leogane and Gressier
South Africa	652,742	652,742	During the Donor's Conference, South Africa offered to support development, governance, and capacity building. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Poland	600,000	600,000		
Slovakia	809,717	404,858		
Benin	322,500	322,500	Benin is focusing assistance on the education sector. The GOB is prepared to send teachers to Haiti and host more Haitian students at Benin's schools and universities if international donor support is forthcoming. FM also noted some 200 recently retired Benin National Police officers are available to support Haitian police, and Benin has also formed police units available	
Slovenia	290,148	290,148	During the Donors' Conference, Slovenia offered to assist with a semi permanent shelter for children, including setting up a Kindergarten. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Latvia	202,429	202,429	GoL has dedicated 150,000 Euros to purchase in-kind items from local businesses in Haiti most likely prefabricated wooden houses and medicine. [From Post 5/13]	
Estonia	100,000	100,000	Estonia will split their pledge of 100,000 USD, giving 50,000 to the HRF and 50,000 through UNICEF. There will be no caveats on the funds given to the World Bank. [From Post 5/19]	
Sudan	100,000	100,000		
Georgia	50,000	50,000		
Montenegro	13,495	13,495		
Algeria	200,000			
Chile			During the Donors' Conference, the Chileans mentioned in public remarks their possible interest in supporting the protection of children, reconstruction, housing, security, governance, role of women, strengthening of institutions, working with rural families, agriculture, child health, shelter, and education. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	

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Cuba			Medical support/cooperation [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Cyprus				
Dominican Republic			GoDR has already provided most of the \$60M in in-kind assistance it pledged to Haiti for 2010. According to the Planning Ministry, that assistance came principally in the form of health services, agricultural support, and technical assistance. The \$50M pledged for 2011 represents the estimated cost of the university that President Leonel Fernandez offered to build in Haiti. The GoDR is working with the Haitian Government and expects work to begin once the donation of the land where the university will be located is finalized. [From Post 5/18]	
Ecuador			During Donors' Conference, Ecuador mentioned interest in providing assistance with Diaspora issues. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
India				
Mali	205,734		During the Donors' Conference, Mali pledged \$200K. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Nigeria	5,000,000			
Senegal	1,000,000		During the Donors' Conference, Senegal pledged \$1M and offered to fund the construction of a Haitian Consulate in Senegal. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
Thailand	2,500,000		During the Donors' Conference, Thailand mentioned possible interest in supporting the MDTF, shelter, agriculture, medical services, education, and security. [From March 31 UN pledge speech]	
CARICOM	8,097,166		Contributing 70 vehicles (50 Buses and 20 large farm equipment items and trucks valued at approximately \$6M. [From UN pledge data]	
American Red Cross	320,000,000		The American Red Cross Haiti Assistance Program will focus on five program priority areas: Shelter - meet the immediate and long-term shelter-to-housing needs of directly affected populations and host families with safe and adequate shelter; Water and Sanitation - safeguard the Haitian population from waterborne and vector-borne disease and promote public health; Livelihoods - provide emergency assets and support income generation recovery opportunities; Disease prevention and health education - improve community health while reducing risk; Disaster preparedness - promote safer, more resilient Haitian communities through risk reduction measures that empower people to cope with, respond to and recover from disasters. ARC has received over \$440M in donations in support of the program. [From ARC 5/18]	